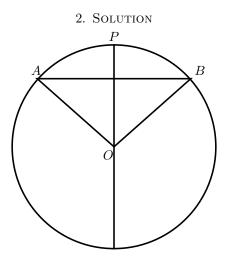
RADIUS, AREA OF SEGMENT AND CHORD LENGTH

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1. QUESTION

A chord of length l divides the area of a circle in the ratio 1:n. What is the radius of the circle?

In particular, solve this problem when l = 8cm and n = 8.



2.1. Solution to the general problem. In the figure, let \overline{AB} be the chord and O, the center. OA = OB = r, and AB = l. Area of the segment $ABP = \frac{1}{n+1}$ of area of the circle.

$$A_{seg} = \frac{\pi r^2}{n+1} \tag{1}$$

Let $\angle AOB = \theta$ radians.

$$A_{seg} = \text{Area of sector } OAPB - \text{Area of } \triangle OAB$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}r^{2}\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^{2}\sin\theta$$
$$= \frac{r^{2}(\theta - \sin\theta)}{2}$$
(2)

Combining (1) and (2),

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$$\theta - \sin \theta - \frac{2\pi}{n+1} = 0 \tag{3}$$

where

$$\theta = 2 \cdot \arcsin \frac{l}{2r} \tag{4}$$

That is,

$$r = \frac{l}{2\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}\tag{5}$$

So, the steps involved in solving this problems are

- 1) Find θ by solving (3).
- 2) Substitute values in (5) to get r.

2.2. Solution to the particular problem. In particular, if l = 8, n = 8, (3) becomes

$$\theta - \sin \theta - \frac{2\pi}{9} = 0 \tag{6}$$

which when solved numerically gives $\theta = 1.69092542605$. Substituting in (5), r = 5.3456.

2.3. Other results.

(1) If the radius r and n are given, the length of chord l can be found by

$$\theta - \sin \theta = \frac{2\pi}{n+1} \tag{7a}$$

$$l = 2r\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \tag{7b}$$

For example, if r = 21 and n = 8, $\theta = 1.69092542605$, and l = 31.43.

(2) If the length of the chord and the radius are given, the ratio of areas is given by

$$\theta = 2 \cdot \arcsin \frac{l}{2r} \tag{8a}$$

$$n = \frac{2\pi}{\theta - \sin \theta} - 1 \tag{8b}$$

For example, if l = r, $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$, and n = 33.68.